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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/776,856	10/776,856 02/11/2004		Nagaraj Jayanth 0315-510/COD		3884	
27572	7590	04/25/2005		EXAMINER		
	•	Y & PIERCE, P.L.	TANNER, HARRY B			
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		•		2244		

DATE MAILED: 04/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applio	ation No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/776	5,856	JAYANTH ET AL					
Office Action Summary		Exami	ner	Art Unit					
		Harry (3. Tanner	3744					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appears on	the cover sheet with	the correspondence a	ddress				
THE Extended - If th - If N - Fail Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD I MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ensions of time may be available under the provision of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (6) of period for reply is specified above, the maximum sure to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	NICATION. us of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nonmunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply are ly will, by statute, cause the	statutory minimum of thirty (3 d will expire SIX (6) MONTH: application to become ABAN	be timely filed 0) days will be considered times 5 from the mailing date of this of DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)[Responsive to communication(s) fil	led on							
[*] 2a)□	This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action i	s non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposi	tion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the	application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠									
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicat	tion Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the	he Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e: a) accepted or	b)□ objected to by	the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any object	ection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance	. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	ng the correction is red	quired if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d)				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.	Note the attached C	Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office actions	y documents have to y documents have to sof the priority docu onal Bureau (PCT I	peen received. Deen received in App Iments have been re Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this Nationa	l Stage				
			·						
Attachmei	nt(s)								
1) 🛛 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Sum	mary (PTO-413)					
2) 🔲 Noti	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Paper No(s)/M	fail Date	O 450)				
	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o er No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/12/04, 9/1/04</u> .	or PTO/SB/08)	5) ☐ Notice of Infor6) ☐ Other:	mal Patent Application (PT	U-192)				

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. There is no proper antecedent for "said current and demand signal" recited at line 3 of claim 6 in parent claim 1. It is assumed for purposes of examination that claim 6 depends upon claim 3.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 9-10 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharood et al in view of Wiggs. Sharood discloses a compressor assembly having a compressor connected to an electric motor and electronic circuitry including current sensing means (see 610 of Figure 6c) for diagnosing problems with the system including determining how long the compressor has been on (see col. 27, line 42 to col. 28, line 64) and communicating to a computer 190 having a visual display. Wiggs teaches monitoring the status of compressor motor protectors in order to provide an indication as to which motor protector caused the compressor to stop. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Sharood such that it included monitoring the status of

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compressor motor protectors in order to provide an indication as to which motor protector caused the compressor to stop in view of the teachings of Wiggs.

Claims 2-6 and 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharood et al in view of Wiggs as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Katsuki. Katsuki teaches monitoring the demand signal of a compressor and determining when the compressor current is abnormal in response to the demand signal. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Sharood such that it included monitoring the demand signal of a compressor and determining when the compressor current is abnormal in response to the demand signal in view of the teachings of Katsuki.

Claims 8 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharood et al in view of Wiggs as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Day, III et al. Day, III teach that the use of a coded sequence of electrical pulses to provide output signals in an indication system is old in the art (see col. 3, lines 42-50). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Sharood such that it included the use of same in view of the teachings of Day.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharood et al in view of Wiggs and Katsuki as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Day, III et al. Day teaches the use of a plurality of lights in order to indicate the presence or absence of a fault condition (see 50 for Figures 1 and 2). It would have

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been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Sharood such that it included the use of a plurality of lights in order to indicate the presence or absence of a fault condition in view of the teachings of Day.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-14 rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 5-16 of U. S. Patent No. 6,758050 since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the patent and is covered by the patent since the patent and the application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: the current claims and the patented claims are directed to the same invention and differ only in that the patented claims recite specifically monitoring the "average ON time" of the compressor rather than the broad "function of time" of the current claims.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of the application which matured into a patent. See In re Schneller, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harry B. Tanner whose telephone number is (571) 272-4813. The examiner can normally be reached 8:30 am to 6:00 pm Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday and 2:00 pm to 6:00 pm Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Denise Esquivel, can be reached on (571) 272-4808. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Harry B. Tanner Primary Examiner

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